



Cambridge IGCSE™

COMPUTER SCIENCE

0478/12

Paper 1

October/November 2020

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 75

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2020 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

This document consists of **13** printed pages.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Question	Answer	Marks																											
1(a)	Any one from: – Hypertext Mark-up Language – Web authoring language // language used to write/create websites/web pages	1																											
1(b)(i)	– Presentation	1																											
1(b)(ii)	One mark per each nibble: <table border="1" data-bbox="398 488 1003 683"> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="398 488 472 553">43</td> <td data-bbox="472 488 546 553">0</td> <td data-bbox="546 488 620 553">1</td> <td data-bbox="620 488 694 553">0</td> <td data-bbox="694 488 768 553">0</td> <td data-bbox="768 488 842 553">0</td> <td data-bbox="842 488 916 553">0</td> <td data-bbox="916 488 990 553">1</td> <td data-bbox="990 488 1064 553">1</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="398 553 472 619">B7</td> <td data-bbox="472 553 546 619">1</td> <td data-bbox="546 553 620 619">0</td> <td data-bbox="620 553 694 619">1</td> <td data-bbox="694 553 768 619">1</td> <td data-bbox="768 553 842 619">0</td> <td data-bbox="842 553 916 619">1</td> <td data-bbox="916 553 990 619">1</td> <td data-bbox="990 553 1064 619">1</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="398 619 472 683">F0</td> <td data-bbox="472 619 546 683">1</td> <td data-bbox="546 619 620 683">1</td> <td data-bbox="620 619 694 683">1</td> <td data-bbox="694 619 768 683">1</td> <td data-bbox="768 619 842 683">0</td> <td data-bbox="842 619 916 683">0</td> <td data-bbox="916 619 990 683">0</td> <td data-bbox="990 619 1064 683">0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	43	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	B7	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	F0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	6
43	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1																					
B7	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1																					
F0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0																					
1(c)(i)	– Input	1																											

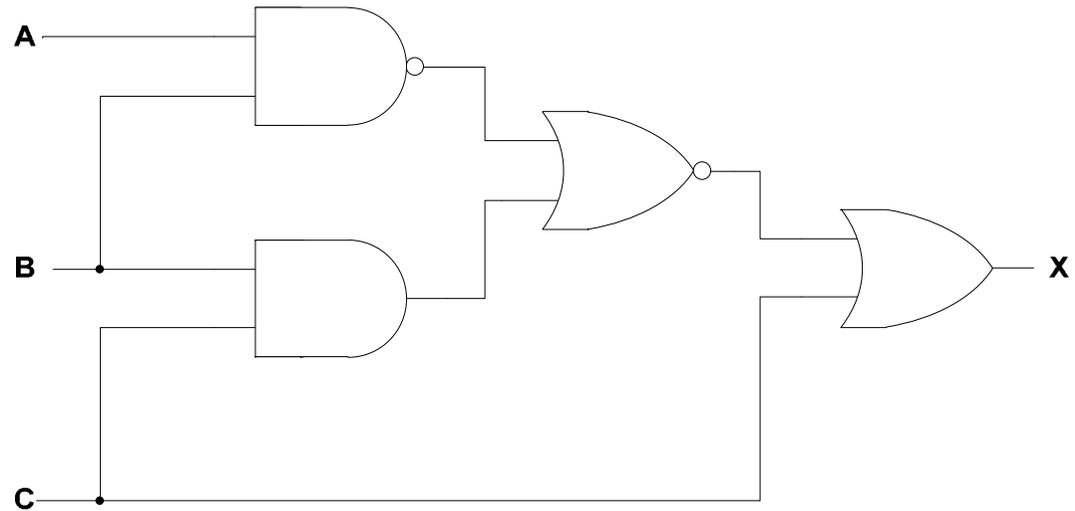
Question	Answer	Marks
1(c)(ii)	<p>One from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Lossy (compression) <p>Any three from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – A (compression) algorithm is used – Removes redundant/unnecessary data from the file – Removes sounds that cannot be heard by the human ear/background noise – Reduces sample rate – Reduces sample resolution – Data is permanently removed // original file cannot be re-instated – Perceptual music shaping is used <p>NOTE: If lossless given, marks can be awarded for a correct description of lossless as follow through.</p> <p>Any three from (lossless):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – A (compression) algorithm is used – Repeating patterns are identified – ... are replaced with a value – ... and indexed – No data is permanently removed // original file can be re-instated – Suitable example of a lossless algorithm 	4
1(c)(iii)	<p>Any two from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Quicker for her to upload – Quicker for users to download – Won't slow website down as much when loading – Takes up less storage space 	2
1(d)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Handshake (layer) – Record (layer) 	2

Question	Answer	Marks
1(d)(ii)	Any six from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Client/browser requests secure connection to server – Client/browser requests the server to identify itself – Server provides a digital certificate – Client/browser validates the certificate – Client/browser send signal back to server (to begin transmission) – Session caching can be used – A session key is generated – Encryption method is agreed // data is encrypted 	6
1(e)(i)	Any three from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Hacking – Denial of service (DoS) attack – Virus – Malware <p>NOTE: Three different type of malware can be awarded</p>	3
1(e)(ii)	Any four from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Acts as a firewall – Monitor/filters/examines incoming and outgoing traffic – Rules/criteria for traffic can be set // blacklist/whitelist set – Blocks any traffic that does not meet criteria ... – ... and can send a warning message to the user – Stop the website failing in a DoS attack // DoS attack hits the proxy server and not the webserver 	4

Question	Answer	Marks															
2(a)	<p>One mark for each correct row:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="338 284 860 644"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="338 284 633 381">8-bit binary value</th> <th data-bbox="633 284 745 381">Even (✓)</th> <th data-bbox="745 284 860 381">Odd (✓)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="338 381 633 446">11111111</td> <td data-bbox="633 381 745 446">✓</td> <td data-bbox="745 381 860 446"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="338 446 633 512">01100110</td> <td data-bbox="633 446 745 512">✓</td> <td data-bbox="745 446 860 512"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="338 512 633 577">01111011</td> <td data-bbox="633 512 745 577">✓</td> <td data-bbox="745 512 860 577"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="338 577 633 644">10000000</td> <td data-bbox="633 577 745 644"></td> <td data-bbox="745 577 860 644">✓</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	8-bit binary value	Even (✓)	Odd (✓)	11111111	✓		01100110	✓		01111011	✓		10000000		✓	4
8-bit binary value	Even (✓)	Odd (✓)															
11111111	✓																
01100110	✓																
01111011	✓																
10000000		✓															
2(b)	<p>Any five from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – A value is calculated from the data – The value is calculated using an algorithm // by example – The value is appended to the data to be transmitted – Value is recalculated after transmission – Values are compared – If the values match the data is correct // if the values do not match the data is incorrect 	5															

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)(i)	Any three from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Loss of power/electricity – Spillage of liquids – Flood – Fire – Human error – Hardware failure – Software failure NOTE: Three different types of human error can be awarded e.g. accidental deletion, not saving data, incorrect shutdown procedure	3
3(a)(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Create a backup 	1
3(b)	Max three from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Solid state drive – Non-volatile – Secondary storage – Flash memory – Has no mechanical/moving parts – Uses transistors – ... and cells that are laid out in a grid – Uses control gates and floating gates – Can be NAND/NOR (technology) – Use EEPROM technology Max two from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Stores data by flashing it onto the chips – Data stored by controlling the flow of electrons through/using transistors/chips/gates – The electric current reaches the control gate and flows through to the floating gate to be stored – When data is stored the transistor is converted from 1 to 0 	4

Question	Answer				Marks
3(c)	One mark for each correct row:				6
Statement		Blu-ray (✓)	CD (✓)	DVD (✓)	
A type of optical storage		✓	✓	✓	
Has the largest storage capacity		✓			
Can be dual layer		✓		✓	
Read using a red laser			✓	✓	
Has the smallest storage capacity			✓		
Stores data in a spiral track		✓	✓	✓	

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	<p>One mark for each correct logic gate with correct input:</p> 	4

Question	Answer					Marks
4(b)	<p>Four marks for 8 correct outputs Three marks for 6/7 correct outputs Two marks for 4/5 correct outputs One mark for 2/3 correct outputs</p>					4
	A	B	C	Working space	X	
	0	0	0		0	
	0	0	1		1	
	0	1	0		0	
	0	1	1		1	
	1	0	0		0	
	1	0	1		1	
	1	1	0		1	
	1	1	1		1	

Question	Answer	Marks																		
5(a)	<p>One mark for each correct row:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="338 282 1458 708"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="338 282 1234 381">Statement</th> <th data-bbox="1234 282 1346 381">True (✓)</th> <th data-bbox="1346 282 1458 381">False (✓)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="338 381 1234 448">It is a flat panel display</td> <td data-bbox="1234 381 1346 448">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1346 381 1458 448"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="338 448 1234 515">It creates images using red, green and blue diodes</td> <td data-bbox="1234 448 1346 515">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1346 448 1458 515"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="338 515 1234 582">It is not very energy efficient and gives off heat</td> <td data-bbox="1234 515 1346 582"></td> <td data-bbox="1346 515 1458 582">✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="338 582 1234 649">It is also used in mobile devices such as smartphones and tablets</td> <td data-bbox="1234 582 1346 649">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1346 582 1458 649"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="338 649 1234 708">It is a front-lit display</td> <td data-bbox="1234 649 1346 708"></td> <td data-bbox="1346 649 1458 708">✓</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Statement	True (✓)	False (✓)	It is a flat panel display	✓		It creates images using red, green and blue diodes	✓		It is not very energy efficient and gives off heat		✓	It is also used in mobile devices such as smartphones and tablets	✓		It is a front-lit display		✓	5
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It is also used in mobile devices such as smartphones and tablets	✓																			
It is a front-lit display		✓																		
5(b)	<p>One mark for each correct term in the correct place:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Control – Unique – Identify – Protocol – Dynamic 	5																		

Question	Answer	Marks
5(c)	Any four from: <ul style="list-style-type: none">– Allows user to view web pages– Renders HTML– Allows user to bookmark/favourite web pages– Provides navigation features– Allows (multiple) tabs– Stores cookies– Records history of pages visited– Has a homepage– Runs active script– Allows files to be downloaded from website/internet– Sends a request to the IP address/web server (to obtain the contents of a web page)– Sends URL to DNS– Manages HTTP/HTTPS protocol	4